(MMB 1993).<sup>31</sup> Thus, Small's Social Circle proposal is preferred because no person will receive fewer than five aural signals. Moreover, the gain area proposed by WNNX already receives up to 35 aural signals<sup>32</sup> while the Social Circle area receives a maximum of 14 signals.<sup>33</sup> Again, Small's proposal is preferred.

WHEREFORE, in view of the information presented herein, it is respectfully submitted that Mr. Small's Social Circle or Covington proposals be granted.

Respectfully submitted, PRESTON W. SMALL

Hill & Welch 1330 New Hampshire Ave., N.W. #113 Washington, D.C. 20036 (202) 775-0070 (202) 775-9026 (FAX) welchlaw@clark.net

Timothy E. Welch

His Attorney

August 31, 1998

Small's proposal will remove service from only 49,455 people, Attachment L hereto, p. 3. It remains to be seen the total number of people in the Anniston area who would lose service as a result of the proposed relocation of WHMA-FM to College Park. NPRM, ¶ 11 (WNNX to provide this population information in its comments). As discussed above, WNNX's proposal will cause 91,589 persons to lose their fifth service.

Where WNNX's proposed gain area is already served by numerous aural reception services, a relocation is not warranted even if an existing short spacing is eliminated where there is a loss of service below five signals for 13.9 % of the Anniston area population (91,589 persons losing the fifth service). See Harrisburg and Albermarle, NC, 7 FCC Rcd. 108 (MMB 1992) aff'd 11 FCC Rcd. 2511 (1996) (relocation to provide second local service denied).

<sup>33</sup> Removal of Anniston's second local FM service does not justify addition of the 38th aural signal to the Atlanta Urbanized Area. See Fairfield and Norwood, OH, 7 FCC Rcd. 2377 (MMB 1992) (removal of second local transmission service in favor of 18th service to the Cincinnati Urbanized Area does not justify disruption of existing service); Ravenswood and Williamstown, WV, 7 FCC Rcd. 5116 (MMB 1992) (first local service denied to Williamstown where loss area would include areas with as few as two stations, where gain area received service from as many as 14 services, and where proposed community was located closer (about 11 miles) to a larger city).

# ATTACHMENT A 1990 CENSUS POPULATION OF THE ATLANTA URBANIZED AREA

Table 23. Population, Housing Units, and Land Area for Urbanized Area: 1990

(Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

					Area meas	surements		Density					
. 1	Urbanized Area			Total area		Land area	1	Population pe	r~	Housing units per			
		Population	Housing units	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile		
	Albany, GA												
1	he orea	87 223 78 122 78 122 9 101	33 963 30 603 30 603 3 360	186.6 144.5 144.5 42.1	72.1 55.8 55.8 16.3	184.8 143.6 143.6 41.2	71.4 55.5 55.5 15.9	472.0 544.0 544.0 220.9	1 221.6 1 407.6 1 407.6 572.4	183.8 213.1 213.1 81.6	475.7 551.4 551.4 211.3		
t	Cougherty County (pt.)}  East Dougherty division (pt.)  Albomy city (pt.)}  West Dougherty division (pt.)  Albony city (pt.)}	83 626 27 192 22 257 56 434 55 866	32 672 9 755 7 909 22 917 22 694	177.4 69.3 43.1 108.1 101.4	68.5 26.8 16.6 41.8 39.1	175.8 68.3 42.6 107.5 101.0	67.9 26.4 16.5 41.5 39.0	475.7 398.1 522.5 525.0 - 553.1	1 231.6 1 030.0 1 348.9 1 359.9 1 432.4	185.8 142.8 185.7 213.2 224.7	481.2 369.5 479.3 552.2 581.9		
L	ee (ounty (pt.)† Leesburg division (pt.)	3 597 3 597	1 291 1 291	9.2 9.2	3.5 3.5	9.0 9.0	3.5 3.5	399.7 399.7	1 027.7 1 027.7	143.4 143.4	368.9 368.9		
,	Athens, GA												
	ihe orea	73 282 45 734 45 734 27 548	30 214 18 499 18 499 11 715	113.3 43.1 43.1 70.2	43.7 16.6 16.6 27.1	113.1 43.0 43.0 70.1	43.7 16.6 16.6 27.1	647.9 1 063.6 1 063.6 393.0	1 676.9 2 755.1 2 755.1 1 016.5	267.1 430.2 430.2 167.1	691.4 1 114.4 1 114.4 432.3		
(	lorke County (pt.)	72 486 61 639 44 794 11 354 5 682 5 165 940 876	29 850 25 609 18 208 5 219 2 171 2 070 291 359	109.9 71.3 42.1 16.3 17.3 21.4 9 6.8	42.4 27.5 16.3 6.3 6.7- 8.3 .4 2.6	109.8 71.1 42.1 16.2 17.3 21.4 .9 6.8	42.4 27.5 16.2 6.2 6.7 8.3 .4 2.6	660.2 866.9 \ 064.0 700.9 328.4 241.4 \ 044.4 128.8	1 709.6 2 241.4 2 765.1 1 831.3 848.1 622.3 2 350.0 336.9	271.9 360.2 432.5 322.2 125.5 96.7 323.3 52.8	704.0 931.2 1 124.0 841.8 324.0 249.4 727.5 138.1		
(	Oconee Community (pt.)† Watkinghille division (pt.)	796 796	364 364	3.3 3.3	1.3 1.3	3.3 3.3	i.3 I.3	241.2 241.2	612.3 612.3	110.3 110.3	280.0 280.0		
-	Atlanta, SA												
	the area	2 157 806 438 146 394 017 44 129 1 719 660	923 153 205 912 182 754 23 158 717 241	2 971.7 395.9 343.0 52.9 7 575.8	1 147.4 152.9 132.4 20.4 994.5	2 944.0 394.1 341.3 52.8 2 549.9	1 136.7 152.2 131.8 20.4 984.5	733.0 1 111.8 1 154.5 835.8 674.4	1 898.3 2 878.8 2 989.5 2 163.2 1 746.7	313.6 522.5 535.5 438.6 281.3	812.1 1 352.9 1 386.6 1 135.2 728.5		
+	Bortour County (pt.)†	1 768 1 768	719 719	3.7 3.7	1.4 1.4	3.6 3.6	1.4 3.4	491.1 491.1	1 262.9 1 262.9	199.7 199.7	513.6 513.6		
	Cherokee County (pt.)†  Holly Springs division (pt.)  Woodstock city (pt.)†  Woodstock division (pt.)  Mountain Park city (pt.)†  Woodstock city (pt.)†	33 087 151 70 70 31 936 12 4 291	12 227 405 25 11 822 7 1 627	77.2 3.3 .8 73.9 .1 13.1	29.8 1.3 .3 28.5 - 5.1	77.0 3.3 .8 73.7 .1 13.1	29.7 1.3 3 28.5 5.0	429.7 348.8 87.5 433.3 120.0 327.6	1 114.0 885.4 233.3 1 120.6 - 858.2	158.8 122.7 31.3 180.4 70.0 124.2	411.7 311.5 83.3 414.8 - 325.4		
	Clayton County (pt.)†  College Park division College Park city (pt.)† Forest Park city (pt.)† Forest Park city (pt.)† Forest Park city (pt.)† Torest Corner city† Jonesboro division (pt.) Bonanya COP Toradale COP Jonesboro city† Riverdale division (pt.) Riverdale city†	174 044 13 810 2 987 	69 330 6 586 1 299 - 27 555 1 900 6 993 1 107 2 425 11 907 633 1 137 1 495 23 282 4 053	257.8 30.4 6.9 - 99.0 5.0 22.3 4.6 7.3 63.7 3.1 8.2 6.4 64.7	99.5 11.7 2.7 38.2 1.9 8.6 1.8 24.6 1.2 3.2 2.5 25.0 4.1	254.6 30.4 6.9 - 98.6 4.9 22.3 4.6 7.3 61.3 3.1 8.2 6.2 64.4	98.3 11.7 2.7 38.1 1.9 8.6 1.8 2.8 23.7 1.2 3.2 2.4 24.9	683.6 454.3 432.9 	1 770.5 .1 180.3 1 106.3 1 106.3 2 1809.4 2 909.5 1 988.0 1 518.3 1 845.7 1 383.1 1 675.0 1 047.5 1 514.6 2 350.1 2 282.7	272.3 216.6 188.3 	705.3 562.9 481.1 723.2 1 000.0 813.1 615.0 866.1 502.4 527.5 355.3 622.9 935.0 988.5		

## ATTACHMENT B HARTSFIELD-ATLANTA AIRPORT NAME, OWNERSHIP, SIZE, EMPLOYMENT





OFFICIAL NAME:	The William B. Hartsfield International Airport
OFFICIAL SHORTENED NAME:	ATL
OWNERSHIP:	The City of Atlanta
DISTANCE FROM DOWNTOWN ATLANTA:	10 miles (16.2 Kilometers)
ELEVATION ABOVE SEA LEVEL:	1,026 Feet (316 Meters)
LATITUDE	33° 38' 21.1" North
LONGITUDE	84° 25' 39.6" West
TOTAL AIRPORT AREA:	3,750 Acres (1,518 Hectares)
PASSENGER TERMINAL	130 Acres (52.6 Hectares) or 5.7 Million Square Feet. These figures include the Terminal Buildings, Concourses T, A, B, C, D and the new International Concourse. Within these concourses are 24 International and 146 domestic gates, all connected by a 3.5 mile underground people mover transit system.
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES:	The entire airport complex is free of any architectural barriers to persons with disabilities.
PARKING CAPACITY	There are more than 26,000 parking spaces, including more 10,000 close-in parking desks and another 4,850 in Park-Ride lots. Special parking spaces are provided for the physically challenged.

## PASSENGER AIRLINES SERVING ATLANTA

Aeromexico	ASA	KLM Royal Dutch	SABENA	Vanguard
Air Canada	Austrian Airlines	KIWI International	Sun World	VARIG
Air Jamaica	British Airways	Korean Air	<u>Swissair</u>	Western Pacific
Air South	Continental	Lufthansa	TWAUnited	
ALM Antillean	Corporate Express	Malev Hungarian	<u>USAir</u>	
American	Delta Air Lines	Midwest Express	Valujet	7
America West	Japan Airlines	Northwest		

## ALL CARGO AIRLINES SERVING ATLANTA:

ſ	Agramaynraga	Burlington	Federal Express	Polar Air
-1	Aeromexpress			
	Airborne	Daylight Air	Lufthansa Air Cargo	Southern Air Transport
	American International	DHL	Martinair Holland	Swissair
	Arrow Air	Emery Worldwide	Mountain Air	UPS

## **PASSENGERS HANDLED:**

	1996	1995	1994
DOMESTIC	63,303,171	54,416,051	50,849,993
INTERNATIONAL	3,060,173	2,906,619	2,779,625
DIRECT TRANSIT	417,889	412,085	463,433
TOTAL	63,344,730	57,734,755	54,093,051

## FREIGHT/EXPRESS/HANDLED:

	1996	1995	1994
DOMESTIC	408,347	397,893	458,444
INTERNATIONAL	163,917	147,063	131,192
TOTAL	572,264	544,956	589,636

## AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS: Takeoffs and Landings

1996 Daily Average:	2,102 1995 Dai	ly Average: 2,066	1994 DailyAverage:	1,961
1996 Total:	767,251 1995 Tot	al: 754,108	1994 Total:	715,920

## RUNWAYS: Four Parallel Runaways in an East-West Configuration

- 1. 9R/27L = 9,000 Feet Long (2,743 Meters). Category III.
- 2. 9L/27R = 11,889 Feet Long (3,624 Meters).
- 3. 8R/26L = 10,000 Feet Long (3,048 Meters).
- 4. 8L/26R = 9,000 Feet Long (2,743 Meters). Category III.

## **AIRPORT OPERATION REVENUE:**

Derived from landing fees, concession revenues, parking fees and bulding and land rentals. There is no general tax collection in the operation of the airport.

1996 Revenue	1995 Revenue	1994 Revenue
\$187,589,000	\$172,490,611	\$133,249,106

## **AIRPORT EMPLOYEES:**

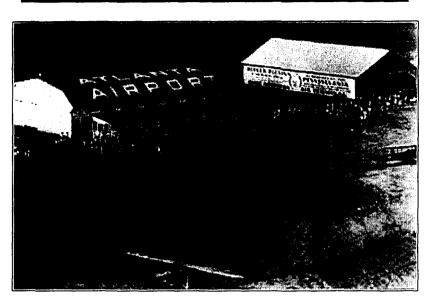
There are approximately 33,000 employees at the airport. This figure includes employees of the airlines, concessionaires, Federal Aviation Administration, City of Atlanta and all airport tenants. The airport is considered to be the largest employment center in the State of Georgia.

## TOTAL ANNUAL PAYROLL:

The total airport employee payroll is \$1.48 billion. Accounting for respending, this results in a direct economic impact of \$3 billion on the local and regional economy. The total direct and indirect annual economic impact of the airport is over \$15 billion.

# ATTACHMENT C HARTSFIELD-ATLANTA AIRPORT HISTORY AND NAME

### HARTSFIELD HISTORY



## Atlanta's Airfield, 1929

Without the efforts and vision of one man, the last 70 years of dynamic growth of the City of Atlanta and the Airport might never have happened. During his four decades of distinguished public service, including Mayor of Atlanta (1938-1961), William Berry Hartsfield was one of a handful of people who believed the city's economic growth and vitality would be indelibly linked to the skies. In 1923, after being elected alderman from the city's Third Ward, he began a search for suitable sites to house an airport. With the help of two barnstorming pilots, Doug Davis and Beeler Blevins, he identified and pushed for an abandoned race track outside of Hapeville to be the site of the city's first permanent landing strip.

After many locations were considered, the Atlanta City Council decided to choose the site endorsed by Hartsfield - Candler Field, owned by Coca-Cola magnate Asa Candler. On April 16, 1925, Mayor Walter A. Sims committed the city to a five-year, rent-free lease to develop the 287 acres into a crude airfield with an option to purchase the land outright for \$100,000 (which the city did in 1930). Five days later, Mayor Sims named Hartsfield the aldermanic representative and chairman of the city's new aviation committee to oversee Candler Field operations. William B. Hartsfield would be the first in a long and distinguished line of citizens to help shape and mold the Airport into a thriving transportation hub.



Terminal built in 1961

## **FUN FACTS**

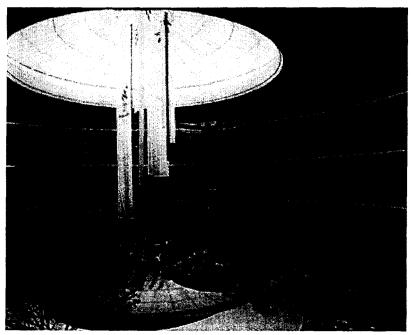
- The Airport's first terminal cost \$50,000 to build.
- Hartsfield passenger terminals (North and South Terminals; <u>Concourses T, A, B, C, D</u>, E, the new <u>International Concourse</u>) cover 130 acres or 5.7 million square feet.
- In the Airports 70 years, there have only been six Airport Managers.
- There are more than <u>25,000 parking spaces</u>, including <u>10,000 close-in parking decks</u> and 6,700 in Park-Ride lots.
- The total airport employee payroll is \$1.7 Billion, with approximately 33,000 employees. The Airport is considered to be the largest employment center in Georgia.
- In 1996, Hartsfield averaged 2,084 daily takeoffs and landings.



• There have been three names associated with the Airport; Candler Field (1925), Atlanta Municipal Airport (1946), and the William B. Hartsfield Atlanta International Airport (1981).



- Delta Air Lines is the oldest tenant at Hartsfield, with operations at the Atlanta airport since 1934.
- Doug Davis, an aviator, barnstormer, and early Atlanta airport proponent, constructed the first fixed-operation center on airport grounds in 1927
- The new International Concourse E is the largest international concourse in the United States.



The Hartsfield Atrium Dome

- The Hartsfield Atrium Dome was designed by Turner & Associates Architects, of Atlanta.
- The dome is four stories, or forty feet above the Atrium's floor. The white circle in the design on the Atrium's floor copies the size of the dome: 75ft. wide.
- The structure of the dome is made of 40 steel ribs and 130 cross braces. The steel rods and cross braces form 5 circles and hold 130 large pieces of glass.

of 2

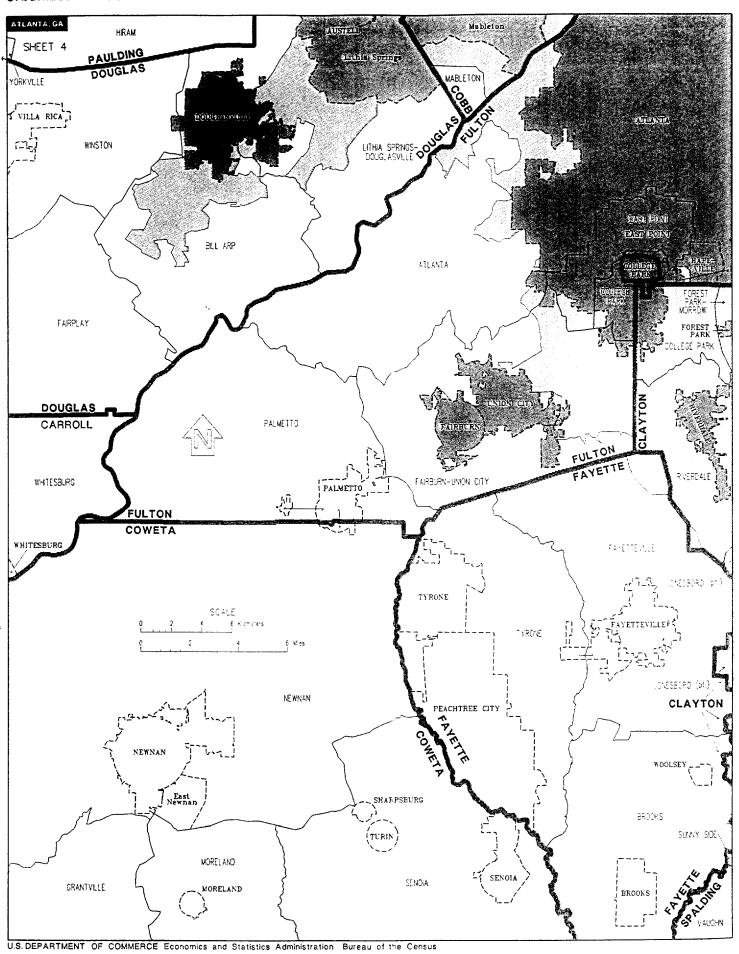
# ATTACHMENT D COLLEGE PARK LAND AREA FROM THE 1990 CENSUS

Table 9. Population and Housing Units, 1970 to 1990; Area Measurements and Density: 1990—Con.

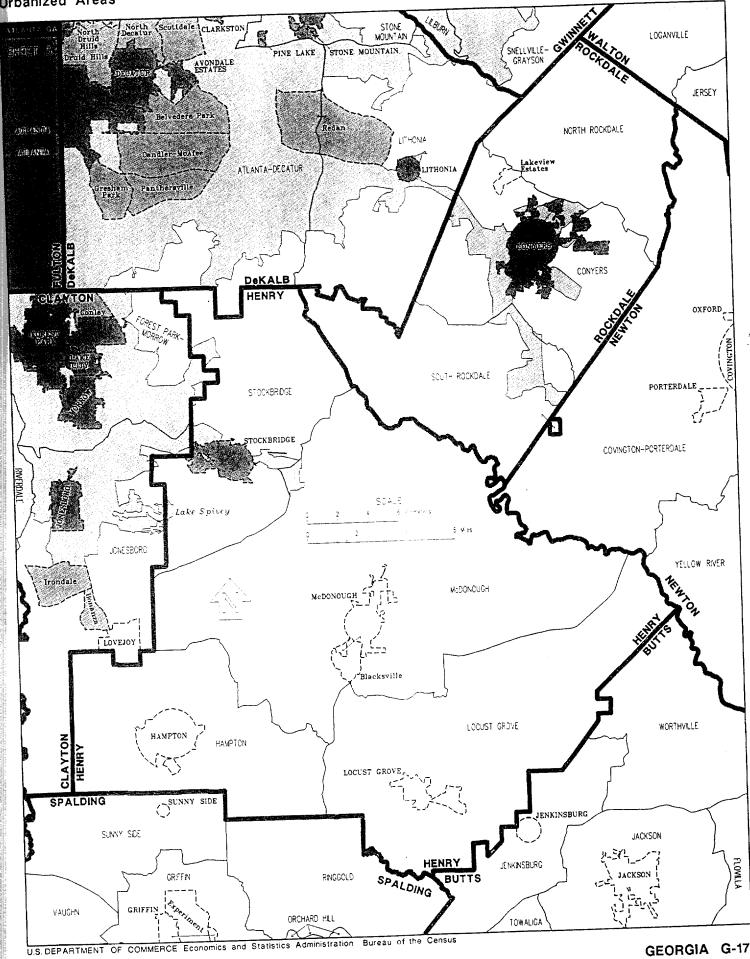
[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

	Place and (in Selected States)			Housing units			1990 area r	nedsurements			1990	density		
Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision							Tatal a	rea	Lond a	reo	Population	per —	Housing unit	s per
	1990	1980	1970	1990	1980	1970	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
Canon city Franklin County Hart County	737 700 37	704 636 68	709 653 56	340 324 16	297 275 22	242 226 16	8.1 6.7 1.4	3.1 2.6 .5	8,1 6.7 1,4	3.1 2.6 .5	91.0 104.5 26.4	237.7 269.2 74.0	42.0 48.4 11.4	109.7 124.6 32.0
Conton city, Cherokee County Carl town, Barrow County Cortino city, Madison County Carnesville city, Franklin County Carrellston city, Caroll County Cartersville city, Bartow County Cave Spring city, Hoyd County Cecil town, Cook County Cecil town, Cook County Cedartown city, Polik County Centerville city, Hoyston County Centerville city, Hoyston County Centerville city, Hoyston County Centerville city, Hoyston County	4 817 263 282 514 16 029 12 035 950 376 7 978 3 251 301	3 601 239 291 465 14 078 9 247 883 280 8 619 2 622 240	3 654 234 294 510 13 520 10 138 1 305 265 9 253 1 725 186	2 026 106 136 215 6 580 5 171 414 129 3 462 1 166 137	1 399 97 124 194 5 327 3 614 321 118 3 424 866 103	1 267 90 115 192 4 379 3 454 273 98 3 244 488 73	33.4 2.1 2.6 5.4 39.5 61.9 6.8 2.6 16.2 6.0 8.5	12.9 .8 1.0 2.1 15.2 23.9 2.6 1.0 6.3 2.3 3.3	33.4 2.1 2.6 5.3 38.3 61.6 6.7 2.6 16.1 6.0 8.5	12.9 .8 1.0 2.1 14.8 23.8 2.6 1.0 6.2 2.3 3.3	144.2 125.2 108.5 97.0 418.5 195.4 141.8 144.6 495.5 541.8	373.4 328.8 282.0 244.8 1 083.0 505.7 365.4 376.0 1 286.8 1 413.5 91.2	60.7 50.5 52.3 40.6 171.8 83.9 61.8 49.6 215.0 194.3	157.1 132.5 136.0 102.4 444.6 217.3 159.2 129.0 558.4 507.0 41.5
Chamblee city. DeKalb County Chalsworth city. Murray County Chaltanooga Valley CDP, Walker County Chauncey town, Dodge County Chester town, Dodge County Chickamaga city. Walker County Clarkesnille city, Habersham County Clarkston city, DeKalb County Clarkston city, Evans County Clayton city, Evans County Clayton city, Robun County	7 668 2 865 4 088 312 1 072 2 149 1 151 5 385 2 464 1 613	7 137 2 493  350 409 2 232 1 348 4 539 2 694 1 838	9 127 2 706  308 409 1 842 1 294 3 127 2 669 1 569	3 046 1 210 1 597 115 171 889 585 2 461 1 094 853	3 043 1 023  125 149 814 495 2 024 1 071 820	3 029 927 114 131 624 479 1 086 927 616	8.1 9.5 19.5 4.5 2.3 4.2 4.8 2.7 4.1 8.1	3.1 3.7 7.5 1.7 .9 1.6 1.9 1.1 1.6 3.1	8.1 9.4 19.5 4.5 2.3 4.2 4.8 2.7 4.0 8.1	3.1 3.6 7.5: 1.7 9 1.6 1.9 1.1 1.6 3.1	946.7 304.8 209.6 69.3 466.1 511.7 239.8 1 994.4 616.0 199.1	2 473.5 795.8 545.1 183.5 1 191.1 1 343.1 605.8 4 895.5 1 540.0 520.3	376.0 128.7 81.9 25.6 74.3 211.7 121.9 911.5 273.5 105.3	982.6 336.1 212.9 67.6 190.0 555.6 307.9 2 237.3 683.8 275.2
Clermont town, Itali County Cleveland city, White County Climax city, Decalur County Cobbtown city, Tatinali County Cockron city, Bleckley County Cohulta town, Whitfield County Coluter city, Madison County Coleman city, Rondolph County	402 1 653 226 338 4 390 529 443 137	300 1 578 407 494 5 121 407 498 164	290 1 353 275 321 5 161 393 532 168	161 645 103 170 1 781 227 199 71	128 526 163 229 1 750 162 199 84	102 408 110 143 1 530 131 180 69	2.3 8.0 2.0 1.8 10.6 6.3 2.2 2.0	.9 3.1 .8 .7 4.1 2.4 .8 .8	2.3 8.0 2.0 1.8 10.2 6.2 2.2 2.0	.9 3.1 .8 .7 3.9 2.4 .8	174.8 206.6 113.0 187.8 430.4 85.3 201.4 68.5	446.7 533.2 282.5 482.9 1 125.6 220.4 553.8 171.3	70.0 80.6 51.5 94.4 174.6 36.6 90.5 35.5	178.9 208.1 128.8 242.9 456.7 94.6 248.8 88.8
College Park city	20 457 2 987 17 470	24 632 3 489 21 143	18 203 2 119 16 084	10 077 1 299 8 778	11 151 1 565 9 586	6 308 714 5 <b>594</b>	25.1 6.9 18.2	9.7 7.0	25.1 6.9 18.2	9.7 2.7 7.0	815.0 432.9 959.9	2 109.0 1 106.3 2 495.7	401.5 188.3 <b>482.3</b>	1 038.9 481.1 1 254.0
Collins city, Tattnoll County	528 1 991	639 2 065	574 2 026	275 862	256 <b>846</b>	211 738	2.7 20.3	1.0 7.8	2.7 20.2	1.0 7.8	195.6 <b>98.6</b>	528.0 255.3	101.9 <b>42.7</b>	275.0 110.5
Columbus city (remainder), Muscagee County Urban part Rural part	178 681 173 196 5 485	169 441 166 831 2 610	155 028	70 657 68 998 1 659	63 565 62 609 956	53 290	572.0 253,4 318.6	220,9 97,8 123,0	559.8 247.8 312.0	216.1 95.7 120.5	319.2 698.9 17.6	826.8 1 809.8 45.5	126.2 278.4 5.3	327.0 721.0 13.8
Comer city, Madison County Commerce city, Jockson County Concord town, Pike County Conley CDP, Clayton County Conyers city, Rockdole County Coolidge city, Thomas County Cordele city, Crisp County	939 4 108 211 5 528 7 380 610 10 321	930 4 092 317 6 033 6 567 736 11 184	828 3 702 312  4 890 717 10 733	383 1 724 99 1 900 3 262 257 4 181	359 1 589 120 2 087 2 454 263 '3 892	318 1 298 120 1 557 238 3 510	8.2 12.0 2.1 5.0 19.0 2.1 14.3	3.2 4.6 .8 1.9 7.3 .8 5.5	8.2 12.0 2.1 4.9 18.9 2.1 14.3	3.2 4.6 .8 1.9 7.3 .8 5.5	114.5 342.3 100.5 1 128.2 390.5 290.5 721.7	293.4 893.0 263.8 2 909.5 1 011.0 762.5 1 876.5	46.7 143.7 47.1 387.8 177.6 122.4 292.4	119.7 374.8 123.8 1 000.0 446.8 321.3 760.2
Corinth town	136 5 131	75 24 51	107 14 93	67 6 61	35 7 28	34 6 28	2.3 .8 1.6	.9 .3 .6	2.3 .8 1.6	.9 .3 .6	59.1 6.3 81.9	151.1 16.7 218.3	29,1 7,5 38,1	74.4 20.0 101.7
Cornelia city, Habersham County Country Club Estates CDP, Glynn County Covington city, Newton County Crowford city, Oglethorpe County Crowford city, Oglethorpe County Crowfordwitle city, Talcalerro County Cumming city, Forsyth County Cursete city, Chaltchoochee County Cutlobert city, Chaltchoochee County Cutlobert city, Randolph County Docula city, Gwinnett County Docula city, Gwinnett County	3 219 7 500 10 026 694 577 242 2 828 1 107 3 730 2 217 3 086	3 203  10 586 498 594 281 2 094 1 218 4 340 1 577 2 844	3 014  10 267 624 735 272 2 031 1 251 3 972 782 2 658	1 456 2 946 3 913 267 271 86 1 031 476 1 426 769 890	1 324 3 630 206 300 94 747 514 1 550 500 767	1 065 3 157 217 305 87 645 394 1 309 235 665	7.1 12.4 31.3 2.8 8.1 2.0 12.4 3.9 7.9 6.3	2.7 4.8 12.1 1.1 3.1 .8 4.8 1.5 3.1 2.4	7.1 12.3 31.1 2.8 8.1 2.0 12.3 3.9 7.9 6.3 12.1	2.7 4.7 12.0 1.1 3.1 .8 4.8 1.5 3.1 2.4 4.7	453.4 609.8 322.4 247.9 71.2 121.0 229.9 283.8 472.2 351.9 255.0	l 192.2 l 595.7 835.5 630.9 186.1 302.5 589.2 738.0 J 203.2 923.8 656.6	205.1 239.5 125.8 95.4 33.5 43.0 83.8 122.1 180.5 122.1 73.6	539.3 626.8 326.1 242.7 87.4 107.5 214.8 317.3 460.0 320.4 189.4
Daisy city, Evans County Dallas city, Poulding County Dalton city, Whitfield County Damoscus town, Early County Danielsville city, Madison County	138 2 810 21 761 290 318	174 2 508 20 581 403 354	150 2 133 18 872 272 378	57 1 160 9 555 120 156	73 932 '8 084 143 150	51 720 6 272 106 142	2.6 8.7 46.6 4.6 2.7	1.0 3.4 18.0 1.8 1.1	8.7 46.6 4.5	1.0 3.4 18.0 1.8 1.0	53.1 323.0 467.0 64.4 117.8	138.0 826.5 1 208.9 161.1 318.0	21.9 133.3 205.0 26.7 57.8	57.0 341.2 530.8 66.7 156.0
Danville town Twiggs County Wilkinson County	480 455 25	529 296 233	515 390 125	192 180 12	204 123 81	177 128 49	2.1 1.7 .4	.8 .6 .2	1.7	.8 	228.6 267.6 62.5	600.0 758.3 125.0	91.4 105.9 30.0	240.0 300.0 60.0

## Urbanized Areas



## Urbanized Areas



# ATTACHMENT E HARTSFIELD-ATLANTA AIRPORT UTILITIES PROVIDED BY ATLANTA, NOT COLLEGE PARK

## **Utilities**

The airport has recently completed a set of maps illustrating the general location of utility lines on the airfield, within the existing HAIA property line. Specific utilities covered are storm and sanitary sewers, water mains, power, telephone, FAA communications, natural gas, airfield lighting and jet fuel lines. This compendium, titled <u>Airfield Utilities</u> and dated April 1997, is not a collection of as-built drawings, but rather is intended to be an overview of utility locations and sizes. These drawings can be used to develop a preliminary picture of what utilities may be affected by a given construction project. With projects that arise from the master plan process, precise location of these lines should be determined by field survey at the time of design and/or construction.

## Storm and Sanitary Sewers

In general, the largest element of the airport drainage system is the Flint River, which collects runoff from approximately two-thirds of HAIA's surface, as well as the municipalities of Hapeville and East Point. Flows in the Flint River culverts join with midfield drainage at a large detention area south of Runway 27R. A part of the eastern sector of the field between the Delta Technical Operations Center (TOC) and Runway 27R drains to Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) culverts emptying into Mud Creek. The remainder of HAIA, primarily the southwestern quadrant, drains either to Sullivan Creek through outlets under Riverdale Road at the airline employees parking lot, and under Sullivan Road or to Flat Rock Creek from the field maintenance, 9R-27L area. Ninety miles of storm sewer lines exist at HAIA.

Two sanitary sewers enter HAIA, one from Hapeville and one from East Point. These two lines merge into a common trunk line which collects waste water from the CPTC and other airport facilities. The trunk line exits HAIA on the south side in one 42-inch pipe, which conveys flow ultimately to City of Atlanta treatment facilities. In total, there are 30 miles of sanitary sewer lines at HAIA.

## Water Supply

Water is provided to HAIA by the City of Atlanta through a system of water mains from the Hemphill and Chattahoochee Water Treatment plants. HAIA storage and service is provided by three storage tanks at the Hartsfield Repump Pump Station with a capacity of 18 million gallons per day.

#### Natural Gas Lines

Gas service is provided by Atlanta Gas Light Company. Service is provided by a 12-inch high pressure line from the southside. Yearly use is 8.5 million therms.

Electrical Power The electrical service to the airport is provided by Georgia Power Company through a dual source network with an automatic transfer scheme. All cables associated with this system are encased in a concrete ductline. This is a highly reliable, extremely expensive method of service, and also very unique. In fact, it is the only dual source network scheme in the state of Georgia.

The primary source of the system is Willingham Substation. This source has a capacity of 56 Mega volt amp (Mva). The backup source of the system is Hartsfield Substation. This source also has a capacity of 56 Mva. The two substations communicate via a fibre optic line. In the event of a substation or transmission line failure, the source will switch to backup source in 10 seconds.

The cables that support the airport load between these two substations are currently a three-cable network system with a firm capacity of 34 Mva. In the event of a cable failure, this means two of the cables can support a 34 Mva load. The current maximum load at the airport is 29.3 Mva.

If the future loads of the airport will exceed 34 Mva, a fourth network cable can be added. This will upgrade the firm capacity of the system to 51 Mva.

## Airfield Lighting

## ATTACHMENT F COLLEGE PARK'S JANUARY 1994 RESUME SHOWING REGIONAL UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION

These documents are also contained in WNNX's Petition

## **CITY OF COLLEGE PARK**

3667 MAIN ST. / P.O. BOX F COLLEGE PARK, GEORGIA 30337

(FULTON/CLAYTON COUNTY)

## INTRODUCTION

College Park, gateway to the world via the Atlanta Hartsfield International Airport, is located in the Atlanta Metropolitan Area (1990 population 2,423,862). It is located 10 minutes from the heart of Atlanta's downtown business district on I-85, I-285, and U.S. 29. The Atlanta Hartsfield International Airport in College Park is the hub of flight operations for the Southeast, putting 80% of the nation's population within 2 hours reach.

#### ELECTRICITY

Provided by College Park Power through the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG), one of the State's largest statewide transmission and power generation systems. College Park Power can reliably serve any size electrical load while maintaining a competitive cost for service. Consumers with an electrical demand in excess of 900 KW may choose to have College Park Power supply power when locating anywhere in the State.

#### WATER

Design capacity of all water treatment

plants in use or under construction:

20 MGD (Million Gallons/Day)\*

Average daily water production:

10 MGD

Water available for new customers:

10 MGD

\*College Park's water is treated by the City of East Point.

#### SEWER

The City of College Park participates in the Morning Creek and Camp Creek Treatment Plants with Fulton County and the Flint River Treatment Plant with the City of Atlanta. College Park also participates in the Three Rivers Water Quality Management Program. Specific capacity information is available upon request.

## NATURAL GAS/ALTERNATE ENERGY

Served by Atlanta Gas Light Company and available to new and expanding customers on both a firm and an interruptible basis.

#### AVAILABLE LAND AND BUILDINGS

Over 500 acres of commercial and industrial property adjoining the Atlanta Hartsfield International Airport are available and a variety of sites and buildings are available.

#### LABOR FORCE

With some 38,000 employees, the Atlanta Hartsfield International Airport is the largest employment district in the State. The principal manufacturing industries in College Park are related to food and kindred products and concrete product. Others include paper, chemicals, fabricated metal, printing and publishing, petroleum and related industries, rubber and plastics, and electrical machinery. A dominate growth sector is service related employment. Since 1991, over 2,000 new service sector jobs have been created in College Park. The 1991 annual average labor force for the area was 1,593,361 according to the Georgia Department of Labor.

#### EXISTING INDUSTRY

Existing manufacturers include Goode Brothers Poultry Co., Inc. (poultry processing), Atlanta Coca-Cola Bottling Co. (soft drinks), Star Packaging Corp. (polyethylene bags), St. Joe Container Co. (corrugated containers) and Dryden Oil Co., Inc. (oil processing).

#### TRANSPORTATION

The new Midfield Central Passenger Terminal Complex located in College Park makes the Atlanta Hartsfield International Airport the largest in the world. The airport currently provides 2,100 daily flights to 180 U.S. cities, 140 non-stop. The Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority (MARTA) provides public transportation to the Atlanta Airport, downtown Atlanta, and surrounding communities. Rail service to College Park is served by CSX Transportation with piggyback service and a rail classification yard located just north of the city limits. Motor freight service includes 61 terminals within the Atlanta Commercial Trucking Zone. The highway system includes Interstate 85 and 285, U.S. Highway 29, and Georgia Highways 314, 139, and 279.

### TAX AND FINANCE

The city has an ad valorem tax rate of \$5.35 per \$1,000 and the rate for both Fulton and Clayton Counties are: \$19.02 and \$14.48 per \$1,000 of fair market value. The effective tax rates outside the city limits are: \$19.10 and \$14.06 per \$1,000 of fair market value. The College Park Industrial Development Authority issues industrial revenue bonds for credit-worthy companies that wish to build an industrial facility. The latest issue \$27.5 million was for the City of College Park to build the 250,000 square foot Federal Aviation Administration building housing 1400 to 1600 employees.

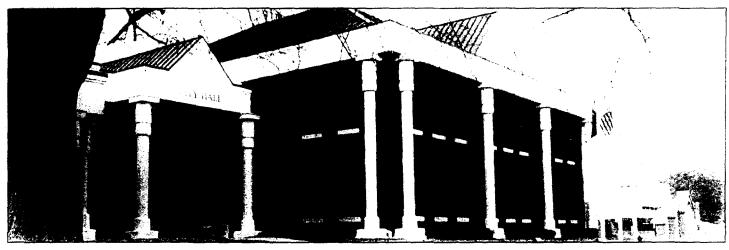
## LOCAL CONTACTS

Mayor T. Owen Smith (404) 767-1537

Don Moore Acting City Manager (404) 767-1537 Marshall Collins Director College Park Power (404) 669-3772 Bob E. Noble Director of Development (404) 767-1537

# **COLLEGE PARK**

GEORGIA'S GLOBAL CITY



City Hall is home to the City's elected officials and City Manager. Together they provide leadership for a City that offers many opportunities for education, fun and growth. The City is divided into four wards from which the members of the Council are elected. Presently, Ward 1 is represented by Russell L. Slider; Ward 2 by Johnny Robinson; Ward 3 by Thomas G. Waller; and Ward 4 is represented by Charles E. Phillips. The presiding Mayor, Jack P. Longino is the chief executive officer of the City. Under the City's Charter, the City Manager is the head of the administrative branch of the municipal government. J. Scott Miller has been the City Manager since May 1994.

Welcome to College Park

We're Georgia's Global City, serving as the gateway for thousands of national and international travelers each day. College Park was incorporated in 1896. It started from small beginnings and has grown into a City of many advantages. The Hartsfield Atlanta International Airport is one of the busiest in the world, and the Georgia International Convention Center showcases 329,000 square feet of exhibit and meeting space. You'll find the best of Southern hospitality in any one of the two dozen plus first rate hotels located here.

College Park is a well established community with an individuality all its own. Here you will find attractive homes, shaded streets, fine churches, top notch schools and community recreation. Its proximity to Atlanta has a distinct advantage to those wishing easy access to colleges and universities, shopping, and other places of interest like Six Flags, White Water, the Martin Luther King Jr. Center, the Jimmy Carter Library and Museum, and Atlanta Underground. College Park has all the benefits of a large city, while preserving the neighborliness of a hometown.

Residents and businesses are served by a City government whose 300 employees provide a variety of services. From necessities such as water, sewer, power, garbage and trash pick-up, police, fire and emergency management services; to amenities such as golf, tennis, library services, and sports events, the City's elected officials and employees are dedicated to making College Park an outstanding city in which to live, learn, work and play We hope that before long, you'll catch our proud spirit.

## **City Statistics**

Population 20,298

Fulton county 17,404 Clayton county 2,894

Average Temperature 78 - summer

44 - mid-winter

Elevation

950 feet above sea level

City Area

10 square miles

Location

Fulton and Clayton counties

**Nearby Cities** 

Atlanta East Point 7 miles less than 1 mile

Fairburn Hapeville Union City 12 miles 3 miles 10 miles

## ATTACHMENT G 1990 US CENSUS DATA--DATABASE C90STF3A--COLLEGE PARK EMPLOYMENT

(no URL reload available)

## 1990 US Census Data Database: C90STF3A

Summary Level: state--Place

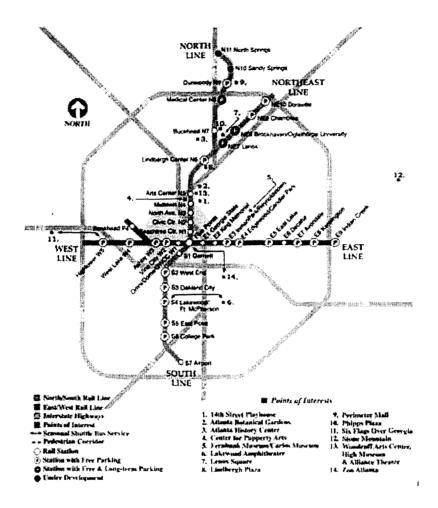
## College Park city: FIPS.STATE=13, FIPS.PLACE90=17776

PLACE OF WORKSTATE AND COUNTY LEVEL	
Universe: Workers 16 years and over	
Worked in State of residence:  Worked in county of residence	6684
Worked in county of residence	3325
Worked in county of residence	37
Worked outside State of residence	10,046
PERCE OF WORKFLACE LEVEL	10,010
Universe: Workers 16 years and over	
Living in a place: Worked in place of residence	1648
Worked in place of residence	8358 🦮
Worked outside place of residence	0
Not living in a place	
pixce of HorrKey/May prives	
Universe: Workers 16 years and over	
Living in an MSA/FMSA:	
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence:	3852 🛠
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence: Central city	6099 *
pemainder of this MSA/FMSA	9951
Worked outside MSA/PMSA or residence.	
Worked in a different MSA/PMSA:	37
Worked in a different MSA/PMSA: Central city	24
Central city	24
Worked outside any MSA/PMSA	
Not living in an MSA/PMSA:	
Worked in an MSA/PMSA:	, , , 0
Worked in an MSA/FMSA: Central city	•
Remainder of MSA/PMSA	, , 0
Warked outside any MSA/FMSA	
PLACE OF WORKMINOR CIVIL DIVISION DEVEL	
Universe: Workers 16 years and over	
Living in the 9 Northeastern States:	0
	0
Worked in the minor civil division of residence	10046
Worked outside minor civil division of residence	
TRAVEL TIME TO WORK	
Universe: Workers 16 years and over	
Did not work at home:	,.190
Did not work at home:  Less than 5 minutes	867
Less then 5 minutes 5 to 9 minutes	1151
10 to 14 minutes,	1859
15 to 19 minutes	,1631
15 to 19 minutes	597
20 to 24 minutes	1605
30 to 34 minutes	354
90 or more minutes	
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# ATTACHMENT H REGIONAL RAPID RAIL TRANSPORTATION MAP AND SERVICE DESCRIPTION

### MARTA

## Rapid Rail



The Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority (MARTA) covers the metro Atlanta area (Fulton and Dekalb counties) with scheduled service to and from the airport. The MARTA entrance is located at the west end of the terminal complex, near other ground transportaion services. MARTA trains arrive and depart from the airport ey eight minutes. In 15 minutes, a traveler can be downtown, where connections are available to other parts of the city.

Schedules for MARTA rapid rail service to Hartsfield Atlanta International are available at the Airport Commissioner's Office, Traveler's Aid, the MARTA Airport Station, and the International Information Counter, as well as MARTA's Five Points Station. Schedules also may be obtained by calling MARTA Customer Services weekdays from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. at 848-4711.